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Test report of

IES LM-79-08

Approved Method: Electrical and Photometric Measurements of Solid-State
Lighting Products

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LIGHT EFFICIENT DESIGN, DIV OF TADD LLC.
188 S. Northwest Highway Cary, IL 60013

For products:

LED Lamp

Models No.:

LED-8036M40-MHBC

Test Date: Sep. 12, 2016

Test Item: Total luminous flux, Luminous Efficacy, Electrical values, Luminous Intensity Distribution, Chromaticity coordinates, CCT and CRI, Spectral Power Distribution.

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1. General

1.1 Product Information

Brand Name	-
Product Type	LED Lamp
Model Number	LED-8036M40-MHBC
Rated Inputs	277V, 60Hz
Rated Power	116 W
Rated Light output	N/A
Declared CCT	4000K
Ballast	M58
LED Package, Array or Module	Model: SPMWHX1228FXXXXXXX, manufactured by SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD
Receipt Samples	1 unit
Date of Receipt Samples	Sep. 7, 2016
Note	-



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1.2 Standards or methods

The following standards are partly or totally used or referenced for test:

No.	Name
ANSI/NEMA/ ANSLG C78.377-2011	Specifications for the Chromaticity of Solid State Lighting Products
ANSI C82.77-2002	Harmonic Emission Limits—Related Power Quality Requirements for Lighting Equipment
CIE Pub. No. 13.3-1995	Method of Measuring and Specifying Color Rendering of Light Sources
CIE Pub. No. 15:2004	Colorimetry
IES LM-79-08	Electrical and Photometric Measurements of Solid-State Lighting Products

1.3 Equipment list

Instrument	ID	Model name	Cal. date	Next cal. Date
AC Power supply	LC-I-923	CHP-500	2016-02-04	2017-02-03
AC Power supply	LC-I-987	APW-110N	2016-02-04	2017-02-03
Power analyzer	LC-I-928	WT210	2016-01-24	2017-01-24
Power analyzer	LC-I-954	WT210	2016-02-04	2017-02-03
Multimeter	LC-I-972	Fluke 17B	2016-08-10	2017-08-09
Photometric colorimetric electric system (2 meter sphere)	LC-I-900	SPR3000	Before use	Before use
Standard lamp	LC-I-917	24V100W	2015-10-09	2016-10-08
Luminous Flux Standard Lamp	LC-I-946	110V/200W	2015-10-17	2016-10-16
Goniophotometer(with mirror)	LC-I-902	GMS2000	2016-05-07	2017-05-07
Wireless temperature transmitter	LC-I-978	DWRF-B	2016-02-03	2017-02-02
Wireless temperature transmitter	LC-I-979	DWRF-B	2016-02-03	2017-02-02



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2. Test conducted and method

The lamp was operated at least 2 hours to reach stabilization and temperature equilibrium before test.

2.1 Ambient Condition

The ambient temperature in which measurements are being taken was maintained at $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$; the air flow around the sample(s) being tested did not affect the performance.

2.2 Power Supply Characteristics

The AC power supply had a sinusoidal voltage wave shape at the prescribed frequency (50 Hz) such that the RMS summation of the harmonic components does not exceed 3 percent of the fundamental during operation of the test item.

The voltage of AC power supply (RMS voltage) applied to the device under test was regulated to within ± 0.2 percent under load.

2.3 Seasoning and Stabilization

No seasoning was performed in accordance with IESNA LM-79-08. And before the measurement, the sample was stabilized until the light output and power variations were less than 0.5% in 30 minutes intervals (3 readings, 15 minutes apart).

2.4 Electrical Instrumentation

The calibration uncertainties of the instruments for AC voltage and current were less than 0.2 percent, and the calibration uncertainty of the AC power meter was less than 0.5 percent (95 % confidence interval, $k=2$).

2.5 Color Measurement Method

Spectral radiant flux was measured by a sphere (2 meter)-spectroradiometer system, and the color characteristics (Color rendering index, correlated color temperature, chromaticity coordinate) were calculated from these by software automatically.

2.6 Total Luminous Flux Measurement Method

Total luminous flux was measured type C goniophotometer system.

Light intensity distribution was measured by a type C goniophotometer (with mirror) which can keep the sample in burn position when the tests conduct, and the total luminous flux was calculated from the intensity data by software automatically.

2.7 Luminous Intensity Distribution Measurement Method

Luminous intensity distribution was measured by a mirror-type goniophotometer (Type C) which can keep the sample in burn position when the tests conduct, and the kinds of graph were generated by software automatically.

2.8 Spatial Non-uniformity of Chromaticity

The customer did not require this measurement.



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3. Test Result Summary

3.1 Electrical data

Criteria Item	Result(Sphere)	Result(Goniophotometer)
Input Voltage & Frequency	277.00V~60Hz	277.00V~60Hz
Input Current(A)	0.873	0.872
Total Power(W)	119.7	120.53
Power Factor	0.495	0.499
I-THD(%)	46.09	-
Off-state Power(W)	-	-

3.2 Photometric data

Criteria Item	Result(Sphere)	Result(Goniophotometer)
Total Lumens(lm)	-	11046.89
Luminaire Efficacy(lm/W)	-	91.65
Correlated Color Temperature (CCT)(K)	3877	-
Color Rendering Index (CRI)	82.7	-
R9	8	-
Chromaticity Coordinate (x,y)	x=0.3861 y=0.3806	-
Chromaticity Coordinate (u,v)	u=0.2273 v=0.3361	-
Chromaticity Coordinate (u',v')	u'= 0.2273 v'=0.5041	-
Duv	0.00124	-
Central intensity(cd)	-	3581.657
Beam angle	-	99.4°
Spacing Criteria(0-180°)	-	1.04
Spacing Criteria(90-270°)	-	1.06
Zone Lumens between 0-60 °	-	60.80%
Zone Lumens between 60-90 °	-	23.30%
Zone Lumens between 90-120 °	-	12.40%
Zone Lumens between 120-180 °	-	3.50%

3.3 Color Rendering Details

R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8
81	88	94	82	81	84	86	65
R9	R10	R11	R12	R13	R14	R15	-
8	73	81	64	83	97	75	-

Note: N.A.



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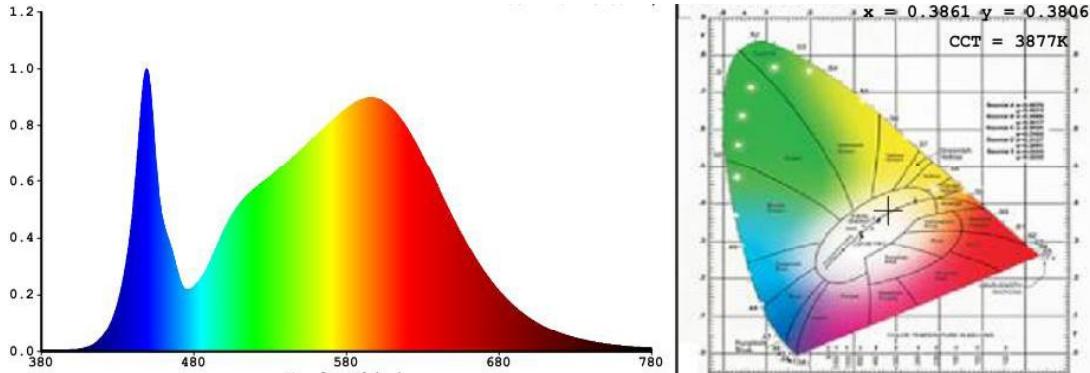


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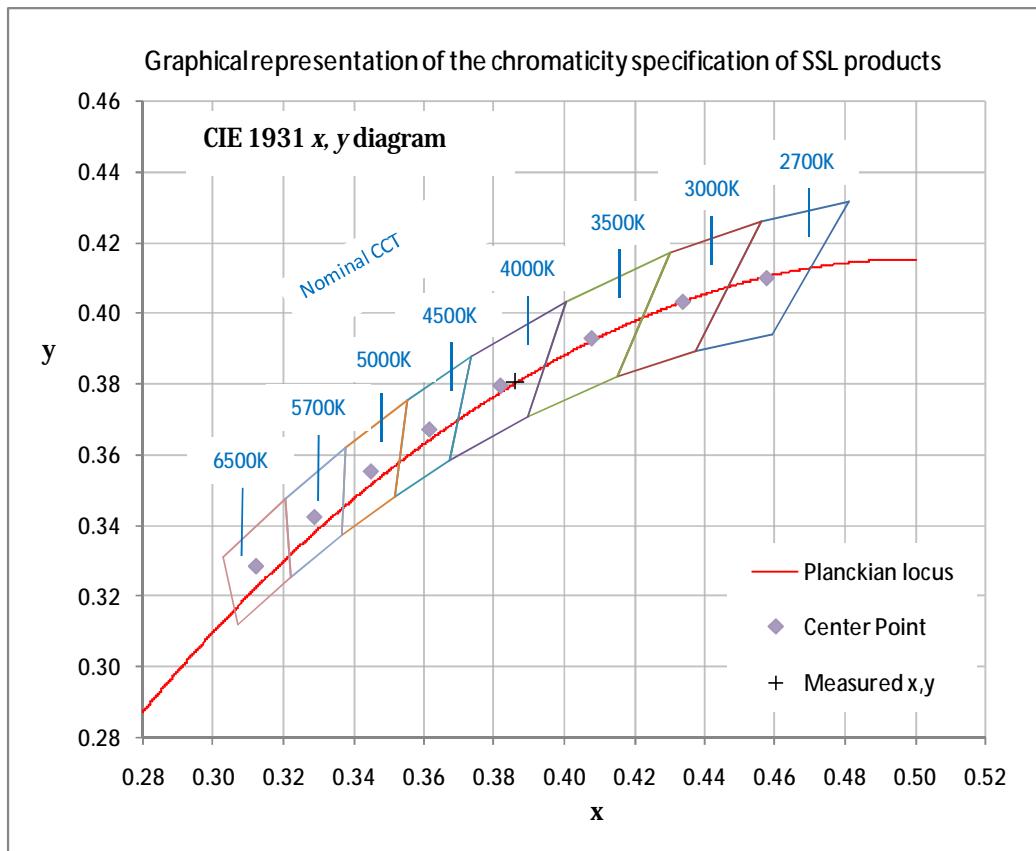
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4. Test Data

4.1 Spectral Distribution



4.2 ANSI Chromaticity Quadrangles Diagram





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4.3 Goniometry Test Data

CIE Type	Semi-Direct	Basic Luminous Shape	Circular w/ Sides
Spacing Criteria (0-180°)	1.04	Luminous Diameter	0.15 m
Spacing Criteria (90-270°)	1.06	Luminous Height	0.05 m
Spacing Criteria (Diagonal)	1.28		
Test Distance	29.54 m		

4.4 Zonal Lumen Summary

Zone	Lumens	%Lamp	%Fixt
0-20	1142.91	10.30	10.30
0-30	2356.49	21.30	21.30
0-40	3832.65	34.70	34.70
0-60	6716.52	60.80	60.80
0-80	8609.59	77.90	77.90
0-90	9286.48	84.10	84.10
10-90	8963.00	81.10	81.10
20-40	2689.74	24.30	24.30
20-50	4247.01	38.40	38.40
40-70	3940.78	35.70	35.70
60-80	1893.08	17.10	17.10
70-80	836.16	7.60	7.60
80-90	676.89	6.10	6.10
90-110	1041.93	9.40	9.40
90-120	1364.77	12.40	12.40
90-130	1569.35	14.20	14.20
90-150	1732.9	15.70	15.70
90-180	1760.41	15.90	15.90
110-180	718.48	6.50	6.50
0-180	11046.89	100.00	100.00

Total Luminaire Efficiency = 100.00%

ZONAL LUMEN SUMMARY

Zone	Lumens
0-10	323.48
10-20	819.42
20-30	1213.58
30-40	1476.17
40-50	1557.26
50-60	1326.6
60-70	1056.92
70-80	836.16
80-90	676.89
90-100	585.52
100-110	456.41
110-120	322.84
120-130	204.58
130-140	113.77
140-150	49.78
150-160	18.61
160-170	6.90
170-180	2.00



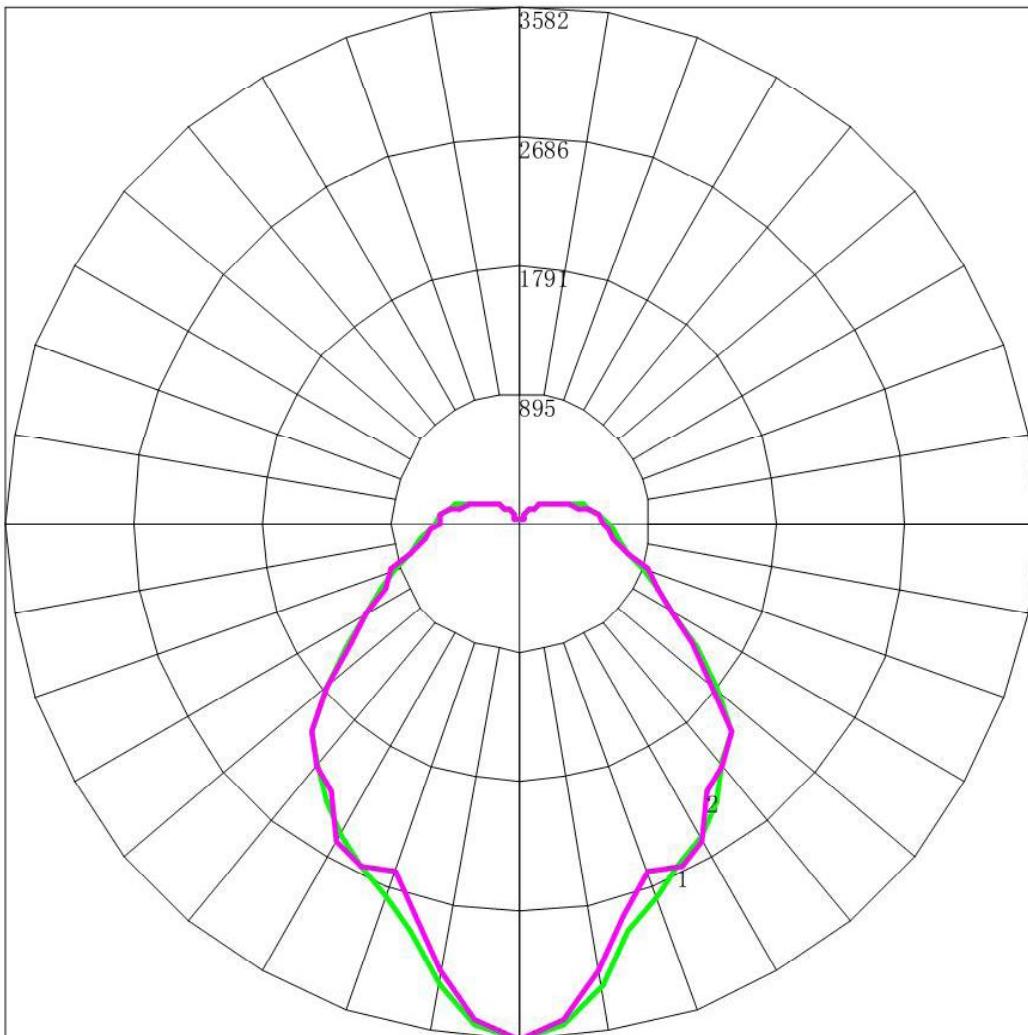
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4.5 Polar Curves



Maximum Candela = 3581.657 Located At Horizontal Angle = 0, Vertical Angle = 0

1 - Vertical Plane Through Horizontal Angles (0 - 180)

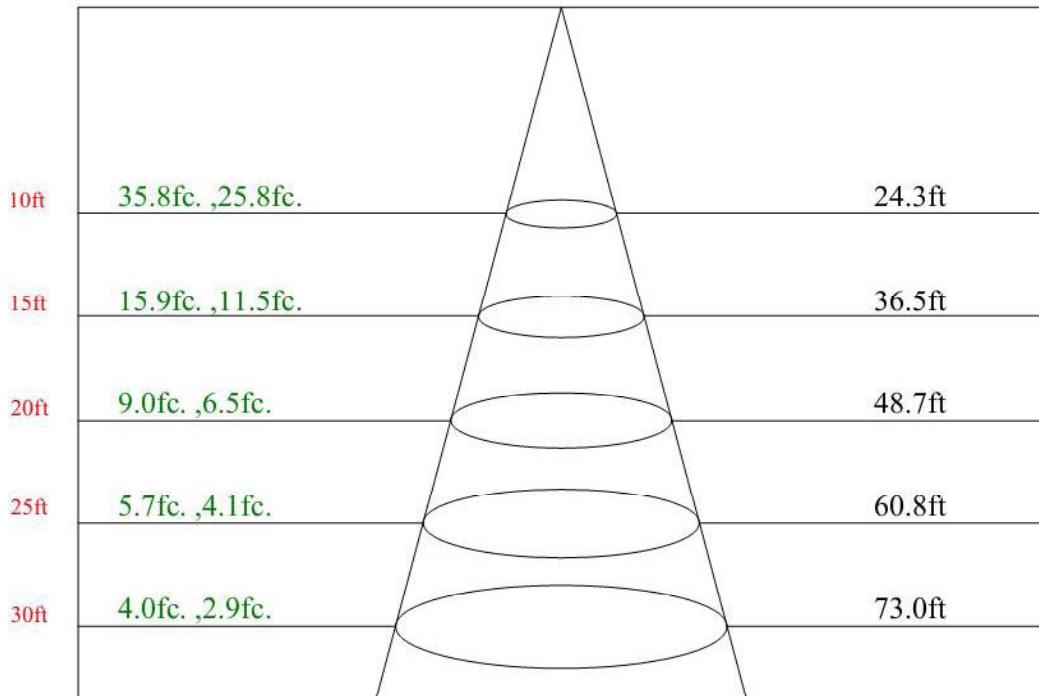
2 - Vertical Plane Through Horizontal Angles (90 - 270)



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4.6 Lux distance Curve





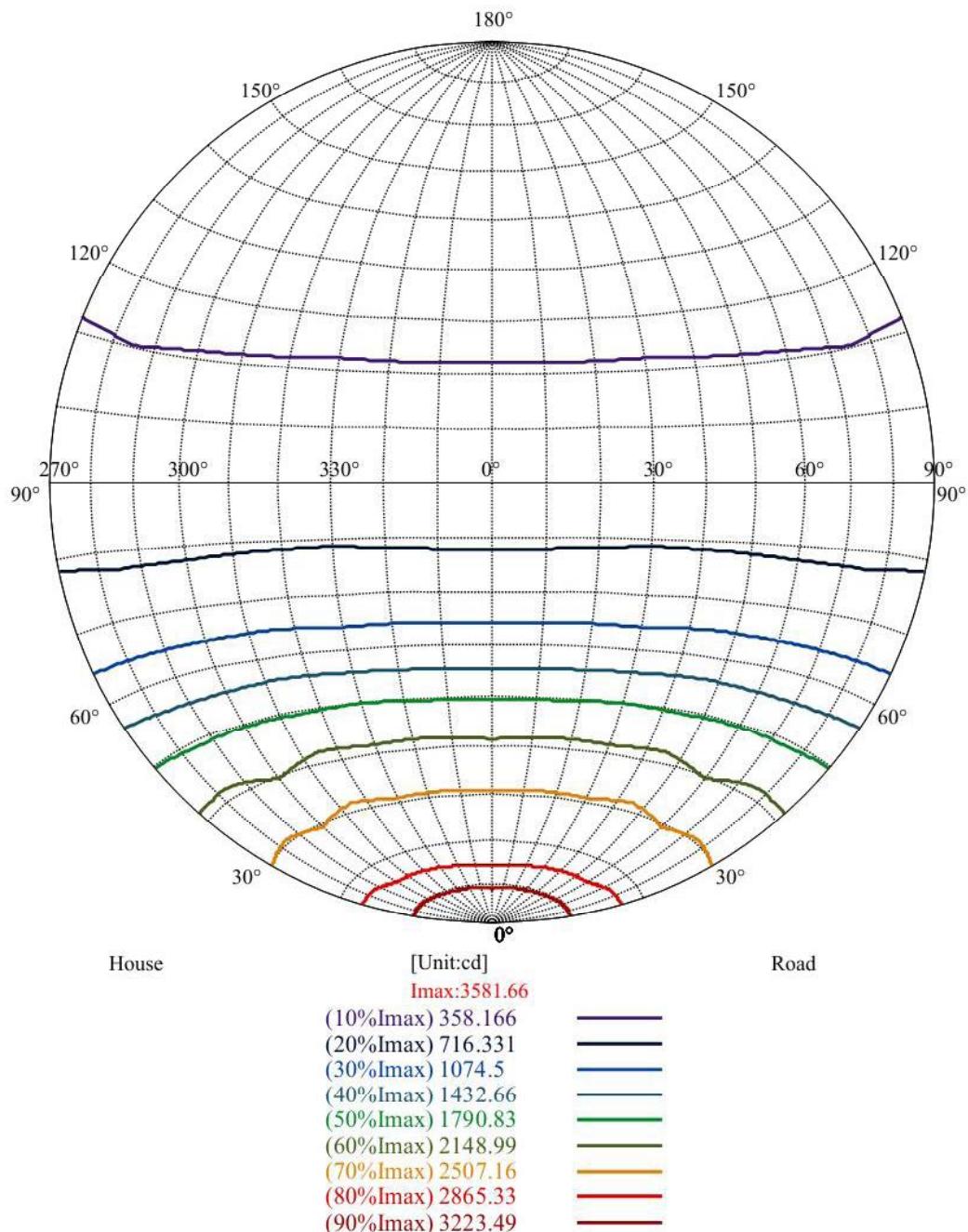
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4.7 ISO candela diagram on circular web

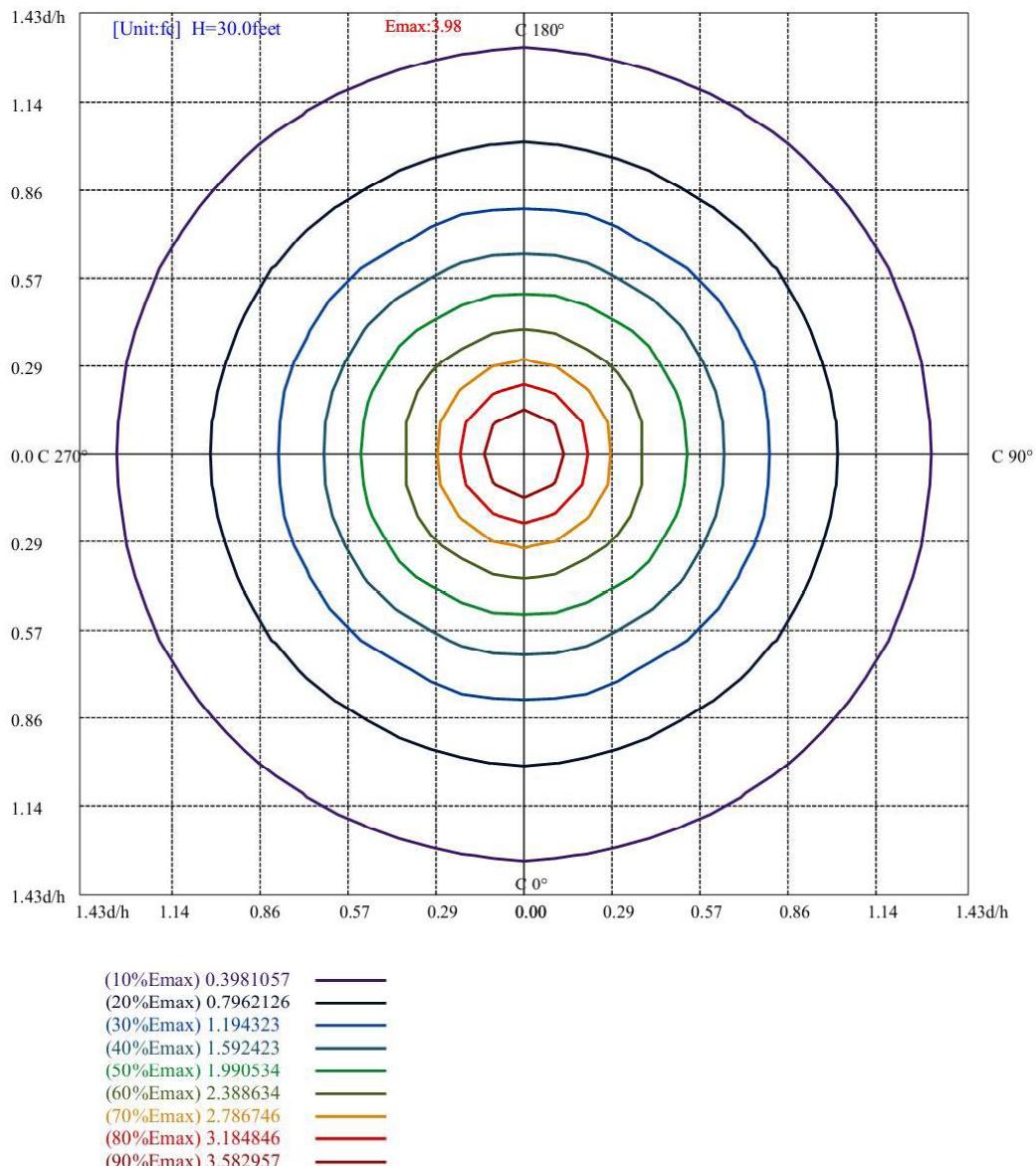




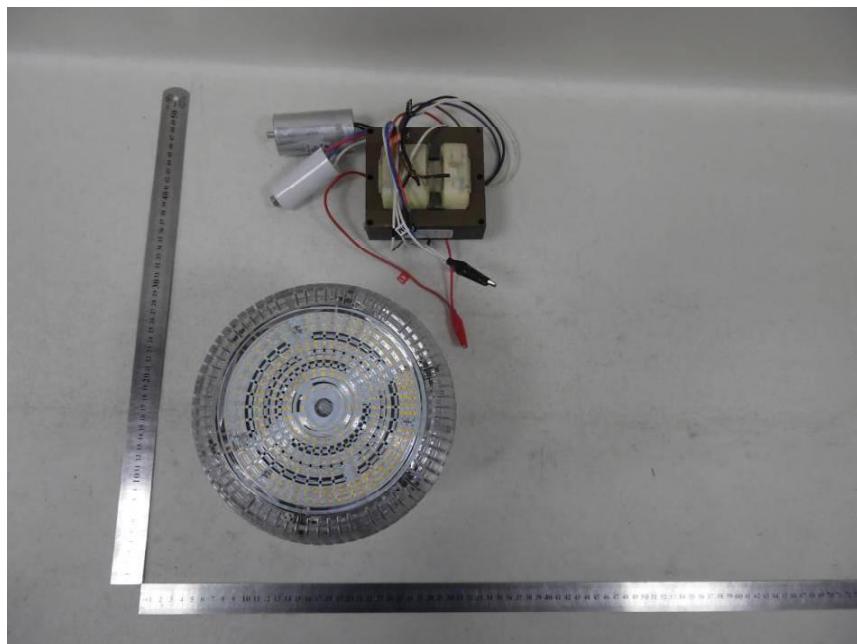
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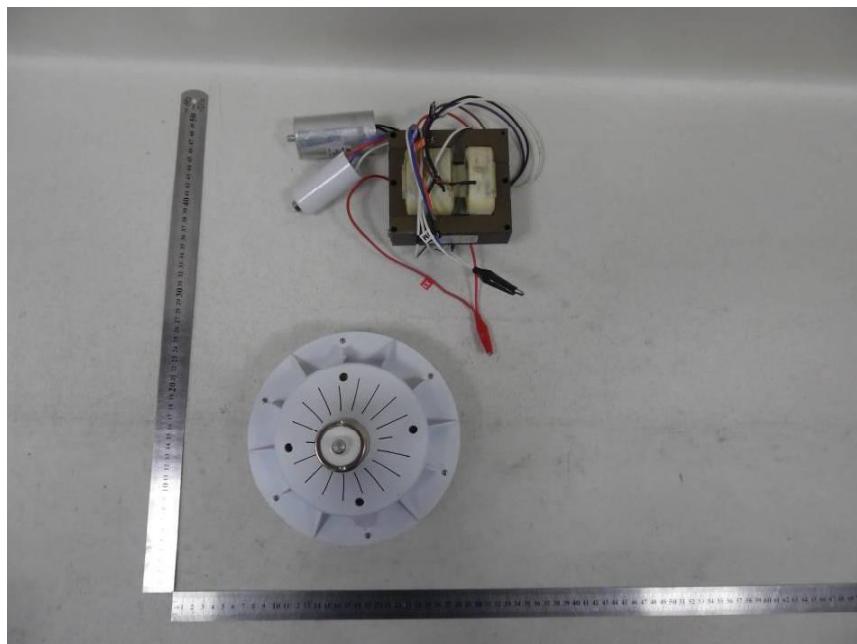
4.8 ISO illuminance diagram



Appendix 1 Product Photo



Picture 1



Picture 2

****End of test report****